FROM COLUMBIA.

The Free School Bill-The Coin Bill in Senator from Abbeville-The Christ-Tax Bill Pro, osed-"The News" Distasteful to the Model Legislators-A Resolution to Expel its Reporter Voted

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.]

COLUMBIA, December 14. In the Senate the bill to establish and maintain a system of free common schools in South Caro lina was taken up, and sections 21 and 22 passed to their second reading. The twentieth sec tion had been considered and indefinitely postthird section, the Senate adjourned.

The House bill to provide for the payment of the inserest of State stocks and bonds in coin; to an thorize administrators, executors, et al, to sell certain evidences of indebtedness; to protect minors bound out to service by indenture; the Senate bill to amend the militia laws; to recharter Rantowie's Bridge to Mrs. Messervey.

The House resolution to have a recess from the 22d of December to the 5th of January was con-

Notices of bills were given by Donaldsen to incorporate the Town of Chesterfield, and by Corbin to amend the civil law, and to provide for the ent of personal property in Charleston.

Speaker Moses came into the Senate and signed the following acts: To amend the law in relation to the recording of mortgages and to regulate the n thereof; to determine the manner of collecting taxes past due, assessed under the military and provisional governments; to amend the act providing for the taxation of property.

Indge Carpenter sent a letter to the Senate re questing a full and thorough investigation of his official conduct, and stating that the request was made because of the charges that he had been unreferred to the Judiciary Committee, and was

The Committee on Privileges and Elections, to class that the vote at the Calhenn Mills Precinct was null and void and should be thrown out. Without it, Gumn has a majority, and should, therefore, have the seat.

In the House, the bill to better protect the helders of insucance policies was reported on and read the second time.

The following bills were read the first time: To punish conspiracies to prosecute innocent per sons; to provide for general elections and the manner of conducting the same. not area offered a resolution directing the State

suditor to levy taxes, which received its first reading. It provides for a State tax of half of e per cent. to meet the appropriations of the fiscal year, and for the county commissioners three mils on the dollar for county purposes.

Hayne, colored, offered a resolution to excir de the correspondents of THE CHARLESTON NEWS from the floor of the House, but withdrew it spoke against it, and it was laid on the table by a jarge majority. It is believed to be Bowen's work. The debate was not excited

THE RADICAL WIGWAM.

RUPTION.

That Coin Bill-The City of Columbia-Amr. Dickinson's Small Railroad"-"Weary, Oh! so Weary"-The Customhouse-The Woman Shooter-The Smelling Committee-Taxes for 1870-Land Ho :-School Books-S wam p

> [FROM OUR OWN CO :RESPONDENT.] COLUMBIA, December 13.

Colonel Montgomery, president pro tem. salled the Senate to order to-day at 12 o'clock and to the roll call which followed, only seven senators answered. This number not constituting a quorum, the president so announced eupon Jillson moved that the sergeant-atarms be instructed to look up the absent senators and bring in all he found. This motion was carried, and the sergeant-at-arms started out. After an absence of about twenty minutes, he re turned and reported that he could find none. The Senate then, on motion of Hayne, adjourned. THAT COIN BILL.

The bill providing for the payment of the in terest of the State stocks and bonds in coin is still one of the chief topics of discussion. Many o the Radical members express their disgust at the manner in which it was passed in the Hense, and do not hesitate to assert that money was freely used to influence the votes of the members. It has been stated that the highest amount paid for a vote was two hundred dollars, and the lowest ten dellars.

It is reported that Governor Scott will veto the bill after it is passed by the Senate, some asserting that his reason for so doing is because he does wish to assume the onus of having favored it-knowing, however, that it will be passed over that he will veto the bill because he bas sold all of his bends and is not now interested.

In my report of Elliott's remarks the types made mesay that he said "he (Feriter) intended bribery and corruption." It should be, intimated

bribery and corruption. THE CITY OF COLUMBIA. The bill to extend the limits of the city of Columbia has a section providing that an election for Mayor and Alderman be held on the first Tuesday of February, 1870, who shall hold their offices until the regular election of members of the Gen eral Assembly in 1872. When the bill was taken up in the House to-day, DeLarge moved that the ction be stricken out, arguing that to pass it would be unwise and dangerous ; it was a politihad been fairly elected and were entitled to hold their offices until their terms expired. In concluding his remarks, DeLarge paid a high compliment to the efficiency and zeal which had mailed the official conduct of the present Mayor and Alderman. Tomlinson and Geo. Lee support ed DeLarge's motion. Neagle and Purvis opposed is. Geo. Lee moved to amend the section by allowing the citizens living in that portion brought into the city by the extension, to elect at the time designated an alderman, or as many as was reed to represent them. About this time a ption to postpone the consideration of the bill until the 20th of this month was made and

"MR. DICKINSON'S SMALL BAILBOAD." The report of the Judiciary Committee on the

bill to grant the right of way over the Charleston and Savannah Railroad, recommending that the Messrs, Dickinson, Jones and Robinson must at all times conform to the schedule of the railroad, the Senate-Judge Carpenter Demands and in no instance cross within fifteen minutes of an Investigation-Guffin Declared | the time any train is due, and that it shall be the duty of the said company to give the said parties or their agents notice in writing three days in advance of any change in their schedule, was taken up in the House to-day. DeLarge at once took the fleor, and announced his intention of speaking, if necessary, until to-morrow morning, by which time he could get a memerial of the citizens of Charleston protesting against the proposed measure. He then commenced his speech and spoke in a random sort of way for two hours and a half. During his remarks, he made several motions-all of which were defeated-also read a letter from the acting president of the road, stating that there was no objection to granting the right of way, but there was to furnishing the schedule changes. DeLarge also stated that the gentlemen who were interested in the small railroad did not intend to work for the benefit of Charleston, but of Savannah, to which point all the lumber that passed through their hands would The following bills received their first reading: be shipped. DoLarge worried his fellow-members out, and they gladly passed a motion to ad-

The unaccustomed duties of legislating have occome wearisome to the members even after so short a "spell" as they have had this season. Today a concurrent resolution was introduced in the House providing that the General Assembly should adjourn on the 22d of this month to the fifth of next month. It was passed at once without a dissenting vote. It is understood that the Senate will pass it to-morrow with an amendment clause providing that the members and senators do not receive "per diem" during the

THE CUSTOMHOUSE. A gentleman here has received a letter from senator Sawyer stating that he has every assurance that he will be able to get a sufficient appropriation from Congress to complete the customhouse at Charleston

THE WOMAN-SHOOTER There has been very little talk of the shooting of Mattie Stokes by Meade, member of the House, from York, of which the readers of THE NEWS have been informed by telegraph. The affair has been hushed up by of money to the woman-how much is not stated. The wound was not as bad as first reported. Meade is walking about, and seems to be perfectly unapprehensive of arrest. It is stated that the matter will be brought to the attention just to the colored people in his circuit. It was of the grand jury of the Court of General Sessions, which meets here in February next.

Speaking of shooting reminds me of an affair that occurred the other night at a fair given for the benefit of the "Republican Brass Band." A whom was committed the report regarding the member was very attentive to a light-hued damthe election contest, made a long report to- | sel, and invested his per diem to supply her apday, signed by Heyt, Owen and Rese. They desay the least. Towards the close of the entertainment a page of the Senate, who is a shade darker than charcoal, "walked into the affections of the aforesaid damsel," and completely "cut out" the member, who, upon hearing who was is rival, recollected his dignity, then considered it insulted, and then forgot it so far as to draw s pistol and start in pursuit of the page; but his benevolent intentions to deprive the State of a future senator were frustrated by his friends, who held him until he "cooled down."

The committee which was appointed by the last Legislature to investigate the alleged frauds, intimidations, &c., at the various precincts of the Third Congressional District during the election for congressman to represent said district, are busily engaged in preparing their report. It is reported that the committee will, in said report, tell of any number of wrongs, murders, &c., perpetrated upon the poor negroes.

I learn that in a day or two a concurrent resointion will be introduced in the House providing that the tax to meet the expenses of the State Burton offered a resolution to expel THE NEWS government for 1870 shall be one-half of one per sufficient. The tax for this year was three-fourths

of one per cent.

As has been stated, Cain, colored, a short time ago introduced a bill providing for an appropria tion of one million of dollars to purchase lands for the poor. No action has been taken upon it HARD CASH-BLOODY WARS-BRIBERY-COR. yet, but it is generally believed that the House will refuse to consent to such a large appropriation being made.

SCHOOL-BOOKS. Who shall have the power of purchasing schoolooks for the children of the free-schools of the State? is a question frequently asked, but as often unanswered. The "Educational bill" provides that the State Board of Education shall have the power, but it is doubtful if the section containing that proviso will pass. The House will endeavor to pass an amendment providing that there shall be a commission appointed by the Senate and the House, whose duty it shall be to select and purchase the books. Some want the matter left entirely to the county school commissioners, who shall select the books they deem hest adapted for the children of their respective counties. Anticipating that this last course would be pursued, a New York publishing house sent out two agents who, taking different routes, have called upon all or nearly all of the school commissioners and, doubtless, impressed them with the belief that their text books only have the necessary requisites to train up the education of the children in the way it should go. Another New York house is represented here. It is rumored that the two publishing houses have combined to fight the official "ring," which both believe has been formed to purchase the books of a house of their own choosing. The combination propose to divide the spolls-one to sell the readers and spellers, the other the geographies, arithmetics and histories. Another ing house is reported to be throwing out skirmish-

ers in this direction. The fight over the question promises to be warm. THE SWAMP LANDS. The Radical's Executive, in his last message, states that the swamp lands of the State comprise more than one million of acres of almost inexhaustible fertility, and recommends an accurate survey of them and a plan for their reclamahis veto. Some of the less charitable ones hint tion. As has been stated by THE NEWS, Donaidson has given notice of his intention to introduce a bill providing for the drainage of these swamp lands. On inquiring of the Auditor of the State in regard to the number of acres comprised in these swamp lands, I was informed that he had no data by which he could judge accurately, as they were not returned under that head-the uncultivated lands being returned as "wood, unenltivated and marsh lands," of which there are eleven miliion acres, valued at forty-two million dollars. What plan will be urged in the bill to be introduced, has not, as I am informed, been determined upon. Some are in favor of the State purchasing the swamp lands, and others desire the State to drain them and let the owners pledge themselves to pay the expense in five or ten cal scheme to get rid of the present officers, who years. It is very much desired that owners of swamp lands will communicate their opinions upon the method of drainage which can accom-

> and at the same time not conflict with the interests of the owners. STRAY ITEMS. In the House to-day McIntyre introduced the following preamble and resolution, which was, on motion of DeLarge, referred to the Committee on Statehouse and Grounds:

> plish the work thoroughly at the least expense,

on Statehouse and Grounds:

Whereas, it is customary throughout the United States that, at the sittings of the loyal Legislatures, a United States flag waves over the place where it assembles; therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring. That the sergeants-at-arms be, and are hereby, authorized to place over this Statehouse a United States flag, to remain during the session.

We, the undersigned, beg leave to record our reasons for voting against a bill to provide for the sayment of interest on bonds and stocks of this state in pall as eliverse.

2d. In the absence of the Comptroller-General's and that of the financial agent of the report, and that of the inhancial agency of the state, no measures looking to increased expenditures of the funds of the State should be adopted. Signed by Wm. McKinlay, colored, Benj. A. Bosemon, colored, W. J. McKinlay, colored, H. W. Purvis, colored, T. K. Sasportas, colored, Samuel States, and the state of the s

EUROPE.

LONDON, December 14. The Monarch, with Peabody's remains, has

been detained on account of a gale.

China has ratifled Burlingame's treaty with

His Oration on Charity Last Thursday Evening at the New York Academy of Music.

largest and most brilliant audiences ever assembled therein, attracted to hear the lecture or oration of the Rev. Father Hyacinthe, on "Charity." Every seat in the building was occupied, while hundreds were compelled to content themselves with standing room. The stage was occupied by a number of distinguished gentlemen, among whom were noticed the consular representatives of Italy, Belgium, Holland, Spain, and other nations; several judges of the Supreme Court, Horace Greeley, and a number of well-known lawyers. Pere Hyacinthe was introduced by Mr. Caylus, formerly a journalist in France, and for years a prominent merchant in New York City. Mons. Caylus, in introducing the speaker, said that the Americans, and Germans, and Irish had each heard their great orators in the Academy of Music, and it was now the turn of the French. On rising to speak, as on entering, a perfect storm of applause greeted Father Hyacinthe. He seem ed sensibly affected by the warmth of this greeting. A report in one of the New York papers gives the following description of the manner of

The orator spoke of the direction to be given to life. Humanity has hesitated between two roads for centuries. Shall man give to his existence an impulse that will separate him from the world that hears him and tear it from all that the Creator has made its basis—family, affections, interests, sufferings; or shall he cast away all idea of loving Heaven and concentrate upon earth his faith, his hope, his love? My experience has convinced me that between these two roads there is a third opened for the greatest moral and religious progress man can make, and trodden by men who can reconcile Heaven and earth—the present life with a faiture. As the first man, the work of God, was the king, the owner, the manager of Eden and all its brute inhabitants, so we have to continue in these ages the work of Adam; but instead of a small part of Asia Minor, we have a whole planet. God has given us steam and electricity, and distance is annihilated. The globe is our Eden. After the first man came family and society. God made Adam a companion and saved him from egotism. Thus was the organization of the family perfected. In modern society, celibacy exists for the sake of God, but this exception, if you make it a rule, is against God and against nature. Celibacy is cowardice if it does not giorify marriage. The Apostles have said marriage is honerable.

[Great applause.] The first was by no means sectorian, representatives of all religious and no religions, pew-holders and speculators being mixed in all parts of the crowded house. There were 2500 persons present. The reporter gives a description of Father

Hyacinthe: He was dressed in a black suit, not of priestly cut or dimensions, and if not fashionable it was cut or dimensions, and if not fashionable it was at least thoroughly the dress of a gentleman of taste, and not conformed to any of the rules of eliquette which generally overtake speakers and actors upon that stage. There was nothing of the "persuasion" about it, and it was as far the other way from the absurd extreme of full dress. He stood a moment at the table as the president introduced him. He is a man of medium height, solidly built, and inclining to portliness, with dly built, and inclining to portliness, with a ged, fleshy face, in which the nervous billions perament predominates, and which, from its solidly built, and inclining to portiness, with a rigged, fleshy face, in which the nervous billions temperament predominates, and which, from its massive features and stolid expression, when at rest, gives at the first glance an erroncous impression of the man. It is the lusty organization of Luther, rather than the abstemions body of Fencion. There is more of the "Little Corporal" in the head than of Erasmus. It does not charm you with apparent intellectuality. The moment he speaks, a new character comes into his face. The voice itself dispels the Prat impression. It is the voice of kindness; one of those clear, sharp, penetrating voices which hold all the shades and half-tints, the infections of language in solution—a voice warm, gentle, subdued, but wonderfully distinct, and with a pleasant sadness lurking in it. It, too, the voice of the scholar, thoroughly trained to its work—no tones wasted; every word rapidly but whelly spoken, and svery sentence turned as to its work-no tones wasted; every word rapidly rhythmically as a phrase of music, and this with-out any dramatic effort, but with a quiet earnest-ness which gives it a fresh charm. As he warms

Colonel John Cunningham will speak at Laurens Courthouse on sales day in January next,

Leslie in Laurens.

Lands Rising in Value. The Laurensville Herald says: "Public and private sales indicate great appreciation in real estate in this section. Lands, that two years ago brought ten and twelve dollars, now sell for lif-

The following protest was offered to be entered | IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

Interesting Official Statements in Retate in gold or silver coin. 1st. We believe it to be unwise, unnecessary and

Charleston

Purvis, colored, T. K. S Finslay, John B. Hyde.

Much alarm has been created by the appearance of the rinderpest at the great cattle show

The breach between the King and Duke Galdahana is widening daily. The resignation of the ministry is hourly expected. A military movement, headed by Duke Galdahana, is assuming threatening proportions. Disorders are reported

England.

PERE HYACINTHE.

The Academy of Music in New York was crowded last Thursday evening by one of the

the speaker and the points of his discourse:

In speaking, Father Hyscinthe's language pours mently from his lips, every syllable is distinctly enunciated, and his voice, though sounding somewhat husky, was clearly heard all through the house. His action is extremely graceful, never harsh or abruptly angular, and greatly resembles the elegant movements of Ristori. At times, when he rose to his full height, his head slightly thrown back, his voice coming forth full and strong, he looked superbly grand.

The orator spice of the direction to be given to life. Humanity has hesitated between two roads for centuries. Shall man give to his existence an impulse that will separate him from the world the speaker and the points of his discourse:

marriage. The Apostles have said marriage

nature. Centacy is constitued in Fatica and a riage is honorable.

The great object in life is the reconciliation of Heaven and earth, of the present life with the future, and to secure union on earth. Union in the city, in the nation and in humanity was the thought of Jesus Christ, who first proclaimed that which the prophets but dimly saw, and the Jews never did see. The centuries that are to realize this great union of nations have begun; the labor has commenced. Northward you have the Esquimaux; southward is Africa. You summon from walled China the unmoving people to dwell amid the moving nation, the stationary to mingle with the progressive, all impelled by the breath of you, the great humanitarian people. [Great applause.] The foundation of your people is the Bible, the book that speaks of God, the living word of Jesus Christ. In an admirable manifesto from your President, there shows through his words the Christian faith. A belief in Jesus is at the root of this nation. May Jesus Christ protect your county and develop old Europe, preparing amid strife unity and religious and material proseperity. And when I return I shall tell Europe that I have found here liberty associated with Christianity, and have been among a people who do not taink that to be free they must be parted from God. [Great applause.]

The New York World devotes a column to the description of the audience and of the lecturer.

with his subject, his oratory becomes a trifle more impetuous, but by the side of our headlong native orators it is placid enough.

ALL ABOUT THE STATE.

The Labor Question in Laurens. on the labor question, and on the preliminary po-litical questions which may arise in the future.

Leslie, land commissioner, appointed to C. P. Lesie, iand commissioner, appointed to buy lands for the landless, was in Laurens on Mon-day week, per Joseph Crews, agent. He purchas-ed two tracts of land—one at \$9 per acre and another at \$8, the purchases aggregating \$5190. Parties who know the lands represent them as "poor indeed," and the prices paid as extrava-cent and ridiculous.

estate in this section. Lands, that two years ago brought ten and twelve dollars, now sell for fifteen and twenty per agre. On Monday last the real estate transactions were as follows: One tract of land, containing 327 acres, sold by the sheriff, brought \$2100; one tract, containing 300 acres, sold by sheriff, as the property of Wood C. Dollins, brought \$2490; one tract, sold by order of the Court of Probate, containing 90 acres, sold as the property of James Neely, deceased, brought \$250. The olerk of the court sold the real estate of Wm. Boazman, deceased, [450 acres,] for \$2800. The real estate of James Leeke, deceased, (300 acres,) sold by administrator, brought \$2700.

gard to Cotton Production. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE NEWS.]

WASHINGTON, December 14. The following is what the Commissioner of

Agriculture says in his annual report, just out, anderthe head of "Southern Agriculture ;" "The continued high price of cotton has made

its culture more profitable than at any former period, and the crop of 1868 has yielded a larger amount of money than that of 1859. The yield of the past year exceeded very slightly the estimate of this Department, which was 2,380,000 bales. The present season has witnessed great activity in this culture, an increase of area cultivated, and more general and generous fertilization, and has also been characterized by drought in the seaboard States, and other causes of diminished pro duction, which have modified the expectations of planters; yet the crop will exceed that of last year, and may reach 2,700,000 bales.

"I regret to observe, from official correspondenand during a brief tour through the cotton States. the tendency to neglect other crops and concentrate all available labor and capital upon a singl product, however profitable. The inevitable result will be more cotton and smaller net returns in money after the purchase of needed supplies and, as further result, a slower improvement of neglected lands. This bane of Southern agriculture is still operative, and may cease to exist only when low prices, disaster and despondency shall again arrest the impolitic and irrational course of preduction. I would not advise an attempt to keep up prices by limiting the yield; a somewhat larger supply of the staple is needed in the mar kets of the world; the present rates cannot be sustained indefinitely; but I would not foster the suicidal mania for cheapening the money-pro ducing crop while rendering dearer every other that must be purchased as an auxiliary of its pro-

"It is gratifying, however, to note the increase of cotton manufactures in the cotton region, their nourishing condition, their large dividends, and the quality of their yarns and fabrics. Operatives are easily obtained at reasonable wages, becoming readily inured to habits of systematic indus try, and rapidly acquiring the requisite skill. At the commencement of the present year there were eighty-six cotton mills reported from South ern States to the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers and Planters, running 225,063 spindles, consuming 31,415,750 pounds. The following are details of returns from the cotton

STATE.	Mills	Spindies	Average yarn	Cotton spun.	Average per spindle.
Virginia	10	36,060		4,010,000	
North Carolina. South Carolina.	17	24,249		4,174,100	
Georgia	20	69,782	12%	10,864,350	
Alabama	8	25,196 8,752	9	2,820,596 1,457,000	
Mississippi	6 4 2	8,528	936	1,372,104	160.90
Arkansas		924		258,400	
Tennessee	10	13,720	10	1.847,200	1134.00

returns, 450,000,000 pounds. At the former date the home consumption was twenty per cent. of the crop; it is now forty per cent. As the ratio of consumption shall be further increased, the pros perity of the country and of the cotton section will advance.

"The sugar interest is rapidly attaining its former proportions. A disposition is indicated to extend its culture beyond the cane plantations of the Mississippi River to Florida, Southern Georgia and Texas. Fruit culture is gaining a promi nence which it never before enjoyed; vineyards of hundreds of acres in extent have been established, and orchards of thousands of acres, with groves of oranges and other tropical fruits. There is evidence of progress also in the use of improved agricultural implements, the employment of fertilizers, and in the mental activity and spirit of inquiry which are moving section.

TEROM THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.] WASHINGTON, December 14. Admiral Poore, on the Powhattan, has ar rived at Key West with thirty six of the Lillian's

Attorney-General Hoar decided that additional egislation will be necessary to enable the Federal Government to hold certain cemeteries in the South, and that the owners must be compensated for their lands. PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

In the Senate, Thurman presented the resolution of Ohio withdrawing her assent to the Fifteenth Call presented a resolution directing the Finance

Committee to inquire into the expediency of taxng whiskey one dollar per gallon. Kellogg introduced a bill for improving the Bayou Teche, and repairing the New Orleans Cus

Adjourned in honor of Fessenden's memory. In the House, the Ways and Means Committee were directed to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the revenue machinery and a portion of taxes among the States.

Cox introduced a resolution that the people learn with horror and indignation of the treatment of American citizens held as Fenian prison

The Secretary of War was asked for infound tion in regard to deepening the mouth of the Mis

Another bill introduced providing for the adnission of Virginia on certain conditions, has been referred to the Reconstruction Committee Cross purposes in the committee are apparent. The whole matter is postponed do Saturday, os tensibly because the various bills are not printed. The committee has taken no action yet regarding Georgia.

The conditions of Ward's bill for Virginia's ad mission are, that the constitution shall never be amended to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the right to vete in that State, who are entitled to vote by the constitution thereof, now to be recognized, or of the right to set upon juries, or of the right to equal participation in the school fund and school privileges, as now recognized by such constitution; provided, that any alteration of such constitution may be made with regard to time and place of residence of voters.

THE VIRGINIA MASONS. RICHMOND, December 14.

The Grand Lodge of Masons to-night elected Thomas F. Owens, of Norfolk, grand master; Wm. L. Maule, of Richmond, deputy grand master; Robert E. Withers, of Lynchburg, senior warden Wm. H. Lambert, junior warden; Thomas A. Dudley, of Richmond, grand treasurer; Dr. John Dove, of Richmond, grand secretary; Wm. B. Taliaferro, of Gloucester, senior deacon; Judge Richard Parker, junior deacon.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES. Dispatches from Galveston, Texas, report

that in one hundred counties Davis' majority has een reduced to 1754. The Haytien steamer Triumph, formerly th Confederate ram Atlanta, was disabled going down the Delaware River, and was towed back to Philadelphia.

There is a half million defalcation in the How ard National Bank of Boston. The Spanish man-of-war Isabel, with crews for twelve gunboats, salled from Havana yesterday for New York.

corded.

The steamship City of Brussels has made the

ALABAMA LEGISLATURE.

MONTGOMERY, December 14. To-day the Senate discussed, without definite action, the omnibus railroad bill. It proposes to issue State bonds to certain roads to the amount of several millions, for which the State is to hold the roads by second mortgage bonds, and to endorse, to the extent of several millions more, the bonds of several other roads, for which the State is to hold the first mortgage. It is thought the bills cannot pass, though strong Boston and lobby influences are pushing it. Both Houses adjourn to-morrow until the 10th

day of January.

A RUGE MONOPOLY. The Phosphates in the Bed of our Nav-

igable Streams. A correspondent of the Columbia Phœnix

calls attention to an exceedingly succulent morsel, in the shape of a bill, now before the Senate, in the A bill to grant to certain persons therein nam

A bill to grant to certain persons therein named the exclusive right to dig and mine in the beds of the navigable streams and waters of the State, for phosphate rocks and phosphate deposits.

Be it enacted, &c., That the State of South Carolina does hereby give and grant unto the following named persons, to wit: George W. Williams, James H. Taylor, Joseph R. Robertson, Edwin Platt, James Bridge, Jr., William Birnle, Edward Willis, Alexander R. Chisolm, W. L. Bradley, and Charles C. Coe, and such other persons as they may associate with them, the exclusive right to dig, mine, and remove from the beds of the navigable streams and waters within the jurisdiction of the State of South Carolina, the phosphate gable streams and waters within the jurisdiction of the State of South Carolina, the phosphate rock and phosphate deposit: Provided, That the persons named, and their associates, shall not in any way interfere with the free navigation of the navigable streams and waters of the State, or the private lights of any citizen or citizens residing upon the banks of the said navigable rivers and waters of the State.

Sec. 2. That this gift and grant is made upon te express condition that said grantees shall pay to the State of South Carolina the sum of twenty cents per ton for every ton of phosphate rock or phosphate deposit dug, mined, or removed from the said navigable rivers and waters of the State.

The Phosnix correspondent remarks:

the said navigable rivers and waters of the State.

The Phoenix correspondent remarks:

The phosphate bed of South Carolina is known to extend from the Wando River to the Savannah. Its value depends apon its proximity to the surface, and the facility with which it can be conveyed to navigable waters, and thence to the markets of the world. Throughout the section of the State between the Wando and the Savannah, the channels of the intervening rivers cut through the phosphate bed, and the phosphate, washed of its earthly incumbrance, lies at the bottem of of their channels, and can be lifted by dredges and scows in a condition ready for the market, and worth, at least, 100 per cent. more than in localities where it is overlaid by from two to four feet of earth, and where it has to 20 through the manipulation of washing machines and transportation to the banks of a river. It is worth, therefore, on board of the scow, at least, from six to eight dollars per ton, for which this bill proposes to pay the State twenty cents per ton. The grant above proposes that the favored individuals named shall have the exclusive right to take the phosphates from the beds of all the navigable streams and waters, embracing the bays and inlets along the coast, comprising, at least, 2,000,000 of acres of surface, and each acre may be calculated on for from 500 to 1000 tons of phosphate, making an aggregate of 1,125,000 of tons. Compare the difference between this immense quantity of phosphate at twenty cents per ton, the price proposed to be paid to the State, and the four to six dollars per ton, what it is worth to the individuals named in the grant. For be it recollected, that this immense treasure is now the property of the State, and it may be asked, is she in a condition to divest herself of it for the benefit of a few favored individuals; If this franchise was disposed of at public sale, it would relieve Sonth Carolina of her entire State debt in a single year. The Phoenix correspondent remarks:

Married.

TOUHEY-COSGROVE .- On the 2d inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Very Rev.
Dr. Birmingham, the Hon. John M. Touney, Intendant of Sullivan's Island, to Miss C. A. Cosgrove, only daughter of J. Cosgrove, Esq., of this

Bbitnarn.

FREMDER.—Died in this city, on Thursday, the ath November, 1869, Captain Charles Fremder, after a lingering disease, contracted during the ate war. He was beloved by all who knew him. May he rest in peace.

A FRIEND. funcral Notices.

of Mr. and Mrs. RICHARD MCHUNNY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral Services of the former, at Zion Presbyterian Church, Calhoun street, at half-past 3 o'clock, This Afternoon.

Special Notices.

78 AWAY WITH SPECTACLES .- OLD Eyes made new, easily, without doctor or medicines. Sent postpaid on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 120 Lexington avenue,

70 AWAY WITH UNCOMFORTABLE TRUSSES .- Comfort and Cure for the Ruptured. Sout postpaid on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 120 Lexington avenue, New dec15 wfm3mos

NOTICE TO LEGATEES .- THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, LANCASTER COUNTY .- The surviving Executors of WILLIAM MCKENNA, deceased, vs. PATRICK N. LYNCH, Roman Catholic Bishop of Charleston, et al-In Equity .- Bill for Settlement of Estate, Advice, &c .- By order of the Circuit Court in this cause, filed October 15th, 1869, notice is hereby given to the individuals embraced within the classes hereinafter described, within twelve months from the date of the publication hereof, to come in and establish before the indersigned Clerk of the Court their right to the Will and Testament of William McKenna, late of the County and State aforesaid, deceased; or failing so to do within the time specified, their claims will be barred, to wit the following: The children of James McKenna, a brother of the Testator, for merly residing at Castle Nacor, in the County of Donegal, Ireland: the children of Owen McKenna. also a brother, formerly residing at the same place; the children of Nancy Clemens, a deceased sister of the Testator; the children of Ellinor Barr, also a sister; the children of Ellinor Moran, a daughter of the said Ellinor Barr; the children of John McKenna, a deceased brother of the Testator; the children of Rose McKenna, a sister of the Testator; the children of any of the above mentioned classes who may have died before the death of said Testator, leaving spen children living at his death; and, also, the children of John W. Bradley, a nephew of the said Testator. THOMAS H. CLYBURN, Clerk of the Circuit Court,

Lancaster County, S. C.

oct20 wsmos October 13, 1869. GLASS GLOBES .- SOME MONTHS ago ten or twelve Cut Glass Gas Globes were left with P. L. GUILLEMIN, Gas Fliter, Church street, to be sold. The owner will please claim the Globes at once, or they will be sold to defray dec11

70 BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE .- THIS splendid Mair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye: harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the hair soft and beautiful, black or brown. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. nov26 fmwlyr

MANHOOD .- A MEDICAL ESSAY on the Cause and Cure of Decline in Premature Man, the treatment of Nervous and Physical De-"There is no member of society by whom this book will not be found useful, whether such per-

son holds the relation of Parent Preceptor or Clergyman."-Medical Times and Gazette. Sent by mail on receipt of fifty cents. Address trip from New York in six days, the quickest re- the Author, Dr. E. DEF. CURTIS, Washington, oct11 3mosp&c

Special Notices.

TO NOTICE. THREE WEEKS AFTER date, application will be made to the Planters' and Mechanics' Bank for renewal of CERTIFI-CATE, for Eleven (11) Shares; and three months from date to the Bank of Charleston for 13 Shares, Union Bank 1 Share, and Gaslight Company for 12 Shares, standing in the name of "The Chairman of the Vestry and Permanent Fund of St. Paul's Church, Radeliffeboro'," the originals being dec15 1amo3 ost or mislaid.

FO IF YOU WANT STRAW, MANIL LA and all kinds of WRAPPING PAPERS, go to EDWARD PERRY, No. 155 Meeting street, oppo site Charleston Hotel, Charleston, S. C.

NOTICE.-THE CERTIFICATES OF STOCK in the Planters' and Machanics' Bank, No. 12.295, for three shares, and No. 13.531, for fifty-live shares, in the name of JOHN GLEN, having been ost, notice is hereby given that at the end of three weeks from the first insertion of this notice application will be made for new certificates. W. JAMES WHALEY, Receiver.

FO IF YOU WANT LAW BOOKS. AW BLANKS and Legal Printing, go to EDWARD PERRY, No. 155 Meeting street, opposite Charles ton Hotel, Charleston, S. C. NOTICE .- ALL PERSONS HAV-

NG claims against the Estate of Dr. J. L. NOW-ELL, late of St. James Santee, will present them to the undersigned properly attested, within the time prescribed by law. All indebted to said Estate will please make payment at once.

dec7 1mo

MY NOTICE .- J. N. M. WOHLTMANN for the present occupies the store of Messrs. FARRAR BRO., corner East Bay and Cumberland streets, and will be pleased to see his friends.

TO REMOVE MOTH PATCHES, FRECKLES and TAN from the face, use PERRY'S Moth and Freckle Lotion. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, No. 49 Bond-street, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

JAT JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

FINE BUSINESS ENVELOPES, NOS. 5 AND .

Which will be furnished to our customers with Business Card neatly printed thereon at \$4 to \$6

per 1000 CALL AT

AND SEE SAMPLES. MEDICAL NOTICE.—PATIENTS suffering from Discases pertaining to the Genito Urinary Organs, will receive the latest scientific treatment, by placing themselves under the care

of Dr. T. REENTSJERNA, Office No. 74 Hasel

street, three doors east from the Postoffice. aug25 ws KEEP THE CIRCULATION AC-TIVE .- A free and regular circulation of the blood s essential to health. It places the whole system in a state of active defence against all unw some influences, and is an especial safeguard against the inimical effect of sudden changes of

emperature, and of damp and cold. If proper attention were paid to this importan fact, there would not only be a great decrease in the number of cases of stomach, bowel and rena omplaints, but also in the number of deaths by consumption and other pulmonary diseases.

At this period of the year, when the dividing line which separates a genial from an inclement season has just been passed, a course of HOSTET-TER'S STOMACH BITTERS will be found of invaluable service in improving the condition of the vital fluid and gently stimulating its flow. Vio ient coughs and colds, like intermittent fever, are the frequent effects of a chilly atmosphere upor a debilitated organization. Diseases of the kid-THE RELATIVES AND FRIENDS neys often proceed from the same source. How essential it is, therefore, for persons of feeble con stitution, to invigorate the vital organization at the commencement of winter. Fortified by warm clothing without, and HOSTETTER'S BITTERS within, the frail and delicate may brave with impunity an amount of exposure and hardship which, under other circumstances, would pros trate them on a bed of sickness. Let them con dec13 6D&C

sider this and be wise in time. WORDS OF CHEER -ON THE Errors of Youth and the Follies of Age, in relation to Marriage and Social Evils, with a helping hand for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia sept25 3mos

PERRY'S COMEDONE AND PIM PLE REMEDY positively cures Comedones, (Bald Heads or Grubs;) also Red, White and Malterated Pimples on the face. Depot No. 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

22 A CARD .- A CLERGYMAN while residing in South America as a Missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Disease of the Urinary and Seminal Organs and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send Legacies bequeathed to them in and by the last the recipe for preparing and using this medicino, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs i free of charge. Address JOSEPH T. INMAN.

Station D, Bible House, oct4 3mos* TO CONSUMPTIVES .- THE AD-VERTISER, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affec-

anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost then

nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, will please ad dress REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH. -A GENTLE MAN who suffered for years from Nervous De bility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffer ing humanity, send free to all who need it, the re ceipt and directions for making the simple rem edy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, with perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY JACOB'S CHOLERA, DYSENTERY AND DIAK RHEA CORDIAL .- This article, so well known and highly prized throughout the Southern States as a Sovereign Remedy for the above discases, is now offered to the whole country. It is invaluable to every lady, both married and

No family can afford to be without it, and non will to whom its virtues are known. For sale by all Druggists and general dealers. DOWIE & MOISE.

Special Notices.

NOTICE -CONSIGNEE 2 HHBS. and 1 tierce Shoulders, marked P & D, per Schoon er BAIRD, from New York, will come forward and pay freight, &c., on same, or they will be sold WM. ROACH & CO., for expenses.

Agents. THE STEAMSHIP CHARLESTON, ames Berry, Commander, having been detained by inclement weather, will sail This Day, the

15th instant, at 1 o'clock P. M. JAMES ADGER & CO.,

Agents CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP SEA GULL, from Baltimore, are hereby notified that she is THIS DAY discharging cargo at Pier No. 1, Union Wharves. All goods not taken away

at sunset will remain on wharf at consignees' risk. MORDECAI & CO., Agents. SHIPPERS PER STEAMERS DIC-TATOR, CITY POINT and PILOT BOY are hereby

notified that no freight will be received after sunset on the days of their sailing. J. D. AIKEN & CO., Agents. OFFICE CHARLESTON CITY RAILWAY COMPANY, CORNER BROAD AND EAST BAY STREETS, CHARLESTON, S. C., DE-CEMBER 14, 1869 .- On and after this date, the Cars will make Extra Trips on each line after the regular schedule time, as fellows: Leaving the upper terminus, on Rutledge avenue, at 9.80 and 10.30 P. M., and the terminus corner of King and Shepherd streets at the same hours, and the Bat-

til the closing of the Academy of Music. The fare for all passengers on these extra trips will be ten cents, and no tickets will be received. S. W. RAMSAY, By order. Secretary and Treasurer.

tery at 10 o'clock P. M., and en the last trip stop-

ping at corner of Meeting and Market streets un-

NOTICE .-- ALL PERSONS IN-DEBTED to the Estate of the late WILLIAM E. MARTIN will make payment, and those having Claims against the same will present them, properly attested, to the undersigned, at No. 22 Broad ISAAC HAYNE, Administrator.

TO PRINTERS .- IF YOU WANT NEWS, BOOK, CAP, DEMI and MEDIUM PAPERS, Bill Heads, Statements, Cards, Card Board, Printing Material, Binding, Ruling and Cutting, go to EDWARD PERRY, No. 155 Meeting street, oppo site Charleston Hotel, Charleston, S. C. dec14 6mos

. fanen Goods, &c.

HENEWSJOBOFFICE WILLIAM G. WHILDEN & CO. Have for the Holidays a rich assortment of VASES, TOILET SETS, CUPS AND SAUCERS.

And Pancy Goods.

No. 255 KING STREET, CORNER BEAUFAIN. SILVER TABLE RINGS, FRUIT KNIVES SUGAR SPOONS, And a variety of Fancy Silver for the Holidays,

WILLIAM G. WHILDEN & CO., No. 255 King Street, corner Beaufain. DARIAN, WEDGEWOOD, HAVRE FRENCH CHINA AND GRANITE-WARE,

FOR SALE BY

AND IN EVERY VARIETY, FOR SALE BY WILLIAM G. WHILDEN & CO., No. 255 King Street, corner Beaufain. COMPLETE SETS OF FINE CUT GLASS

DECANTERS, WINES, CHAMPAGNES, Cordials, Finger Bowls, Tumblers and Goblets, POR SALE BY WILLIAM G. WHILDEN & CO., No. 255 King Street, corner Beaufain.

LEATHER RETICULES, TRAVELLING BAGS, Purses, Pocketbooks and Portemonnaies, suitable for Christmas Presents, at No. 255 KING STREET, CORNER BEAUFAIN.

WILLIAM G. WHILDEN & CO.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WATCHES, CHATELAINS, VEST CHAINS, Brooches, Earrings, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c. WILLIAM G. WHILDEN & CO., No. 255 King Street, corner Beaufain.

CILVER AND PLATED TEA SETS, BUTTER DISHES, CORDIAL STANDS, ors, Cups, Strawberry Dishes, &c., &c., ON EXHIBITION AND FOR SALE AT

WILLIAM G. WHILDEN & CO.'S,

255 King Street, corner Beaufain.

VISITOR Once said if we only knew where the resident citizens made their purchases there we should get well served. To such we offer

A DIRECTORY.

The ladies who desire the latest styles of fash-

ionable Head Dressing, Curls, Chignons or Braids. Go to M. & A. ASHTON. The gentlemen who desire to be presentable in Adonis attire, for Wigs, Go to M. & A. ASHTON. All who desire the best German Colognes, Go to M. & A. ASHTON. For Diadem or Coronal Combs, all Go to M. & A. ASIITON.

Those who require the best Extracts, Go to M. & A. ASHTON. Every one who desires good Hair Brushes or Combs. Go to M. & A. ASHTON. of necessity all who require a good Tooth Brush. Go to M. & A. ASHTON.

For genuire Talc de Venis, all must Go to M. & A. ASHTON. For Hair Dyes and Regenerators, nearly all Go to M. & A. ASHTON. In fact, all 'who require genuine goods from the ociety Hygienique, Bailey's, Atkinson's, Gosnell's, Lowe & Sons, Yardley, Rowlands & Sons, Gowland, Cowdray's,

Henry & Demarson, As also, Venis Goods in their line from every turer in the States, Go to M. & A. ASHTON, No. 240 King street, Pive doors from Market street.

TENKINS & CUNNINGHAM, COTTON BROKERS COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AUGUSTA, GA. ROBT. E. CUNNINGHAM Sole agents for the sale of the celebrated Dickson & Peeler Cotton Seed for the States of South Caro-

CHARLES HICKEY.

TURER. No. 345 KING STREET, Charleston, S. C.

Old Frames Regilt equal to new. Lookingglasses of all sizes fitted to Frames. Just received, an assortment of fine Chromos

and Engravigns.

No. 2 WARREN BLOCK, (up stairs,) lina and Georgia.

References—J. T. Gardiner and J. J. Cohen & Sons, Augusta, Ga., and Claghorn, Herring & Co., Charleston, S. C. and Augusta, Ga. nov23 6mos

> GILDER, PORTRAIT AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFAC-